

Interactive comment on “Excursions to C₄ vegetation recorded in the Upper Pleistocene loess of Surduk (Northern Serbia): an organic isotope geochemistry study” by C. Hatté et al.

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Hatté et al present a careful organic isotope study on the loess record of Surduk (Serbia). They clearly show the occurrence and dominance of C₄ plants during at least 4 episodes in the last glacial period. These have been attributed to the presence of very dry summers that did not allow C₃ plants to grow, thus favoring C₄ development.

I see several strengths of the manuscript:

- The chronology, based on a great number of carefully conducted radiocarbon dates,

C40

is very well constrained. This is usually a difficult issue for loess sequences.

- The organic isotope evidence is pertinent according to the descriptions on the samples and methodology.

- The main conclusion about the occurrence and dominance of C₄ plants in Europe during some episodes of the last glacial period is novel and of broad interests for understanding the past ecosystem changes since most of the earlier studies showed C₃-dominant ecosystems for the region. The evidence about the occurrence of significant C₄ plants during the cold millennial intervals is of particular importance, adding significant new insights for future interpretations on isotope data.

I have only a few minor suggestions.

- It might be finer to add a figure showing the modern seasonal distributions of precipitation and temperature in the study region because the discussion on the paleoseasonality is a strong aspect of this study.

- It would be more interesting to add a paragraph addressing the role (significant or not) of temperature on the occurrence of the C₄-dominance. P201 mentions some published malacology data at/near the site. Adding one or two curves of the malacology assemblages in Figure 4 would help the discussions about the environmental conditions.

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